

Religious Education Knowledge Organiser

Year 6

Summer (i)

How do Rama and Krishna help Hindus to understand God?

Substantive Knowledge – To know how Rama and Krishna helps Hindus to understand God more. To know stories' role in religious teachings and how the afterlife differs between Hinduism and Buddhism.

How Rama helps Hindus to understand God

Rama rescues Sita from Ravana. This story shows that goodness and dedication will win over bad. It also shows followers that good is more important than evil.



Rama and Sita

How Krishna helps Hindu to understand God

Krishna said that everything happens for a cause or good reason. Whatever happens in life happen for good and there is always a cause or reason behind that.



Krishna

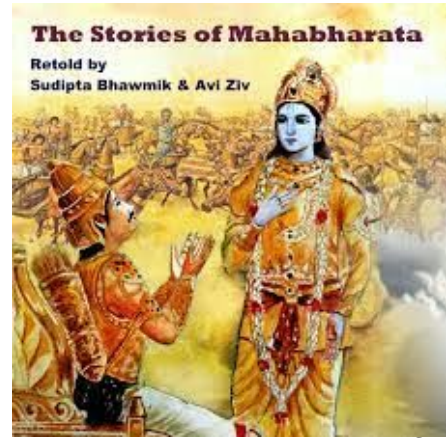
Krishna is a major deity in Hinduism. He is worshipped as the eighth avatar of the god Vishnu and also as the supreme God in his own right. He is the god of compassion, tenderness, and love in Hinduism.

The role of stories

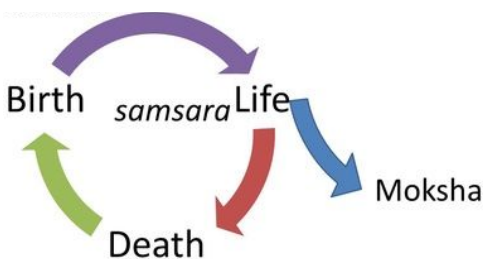
Storytelling is a way of preserving the culture and belief of a religion and enables it to be passed down to the next generation.

Within Hindu tradition, stories remain an essential means of transmitting values.

Heroes and heroines embody ideal virtues, which they exhibit through exemplary behaviour.



Mahabharata - one of the epic Sanskrit



Circle of death and rebirth

Reincarnation and Samsara

Reincarnation is a key belief within Hinduism.

In Hinduism, all life goes through birth, life, death, and rebirth and this is known as the cycle of samsara. The goal of Hindus is to achieve Moksha which is freedom from the cycle of reincarnation. This is achieved by living a good life and receiving good karma.

Portable Knowledge – What we need to remember

Rams and Krishna help Hindus to understand God.

Hindus believe in reincarnation, a cycle of birth and rebirth, known as samsara. This is dependent on their karma. When enough progress has been made, a Hindu's soul attains moksha and is released for samsara.

Core Vocabulary

Mahabharata – one of the major epic Sanskrit in Hinduism.

Samsara – Circle of death and rebirth

Afterlife – where a being is reincarnated dependant on their previous life.